

TREATMENT RECORD

Artist:	Unknown	CNS No.:	0508:12:43
Title/subject:	[PORTRAIT OF AN	GEH No.:	77:243:12
	UNIDENTIFIED MAN]		
		Object Date:	CA. 1850
Owner:	GEH PHOTO ARCHIVES	Dimensions:	15.1 x 11.9 x 2.0
Medium/Process:	CASED ½ PLATE		
	DAGUERREOTYPE		
Support:	_x_silver/copper plateglassironother:		
Housing:	_x_cased, type: "BOSTON"		
Conservator:	Katharine Whitman		
Date:	25 October/ 2005		

PHOTODOCUMENTATION

Η	1010DOCUMENTATION				
	15.	DT_N0011	Plate recto, normal illumination.		
	16.	DT_N0012	Plate verso, normal illumination.		
	17.	DT_N0013	Plate verso, normal illumination, detail of mechanical exfoliation.		
	18.	DT_N0014	Plate verso, normal illumination, detail of in-painting (?)		
	19.	DT_UV0011	Plate recto, UVC illumination.		
	20.	DT_UV0012	Plate verso, UVC illumination.		
	21.	DT_UV0015	Brass mat recto, UVC illumination.		
	22.	DT_UV0016	Brass mat verso, UVC illumination, showing cyanide residue.		
	23.	DT_S0011	Plate recto, axial specular illumination.		
	24.	AT_S0011	Plate recto, axial specular illumination		
	25.	AT_N0011	Plate recto, normal, overall illumination		
	26.	AT_N0012	Plate verso, normal, overall illumination		
	27.	AT_N0013	Plate verso, normal illumination, detail of mechanical exfoliation.		
	28.	AT_N0014	Plate verso, normal illumination, detail of in-painting (?)		
	29.	AT_N0017	Plate recto, normal illumination, exfoliation after ammoniated water wash.		
	30.	AT_UV0011	Plate recto, UVC illumination		
	31.	AT_N0001	Case recto, normal, overall illumination.		
	32.	AT_N0002	Case verso, normal, overall illumination.		
	33.	AT_N0003	Case foredge, normal, overall illumination		
	34.	AT_N0004	Case spine, normal, overall illumination		
	35.	AT_N0005	Case top edge, normal, overall illumination		
	36.	AT_N0006	Case bottom edge, normal, overall illumination		
	37.	AT_N0007	3-D image of case recto, normal, overall illumination		
	38.	AT_N0008	3-D image of case verso, normal, overall illumination		
	39.	AT_N0009	Case interior, with plate, normal, overall illumination		
			-		

TREATMENT

x Surface clean: The surface of the plate was cleaned with a pH ~9.8 ammoniated water wash for approximately 1 minute. The plate was held at a 45° angle, image side down during the wash to avoid wetting the exfoliated edge and the verso of the plate. The plate was rinsed with distilled water and then ethanol and acetone and dried under the fume extractors. Some exfoliation occurred in the top right corner of the plate, where there is some strong tarnish (see image).

The brass preserver was cleaned with swabs and distilled water

- _x_ Remove accretions: The accretions were removed during the ammoniated water wash.
- _x_ Glass: ___ cleaned _x__replaced: the original cover glass was replaced with framing glass.
- _x_ Rebind: The plate was rebound into an image pack with Mylar against the verso of the plate, Escal film between the plate and the brass mat, new cover glass, and sealed with two layers of Filmoplast P-90 paper tape (one strip).
- _x_ Repair case: The corners of the case were repaired with "Professional Titebond liquid hide wood glue". The paper lining was cleaned with "Absorene dirt sponges". The leather cover material was reaffixed with liquid hide glue.

OBSERVATIONS:

Overall, this treatment was successful. The case was able to be satisfactorily stabilized without looking "over treated".

The ammoniated water wash served the purpose of removing the yellow film from the plate quite well. The exfoliation in the top right corner of the plate was an unfortunate development that may have been prevented with closer inspection, and by not allowing the ammoniated wash to come in contact with the heavily tarnished areas of the plate. Areas of heavy tarnish will tend to exfoliate more readily and therefore these areas should be closely inspected for insipient exfoliation before undertaking any treatment. It is uncertain whether the exfoliation was a result of the surface's interaction with the ammoniated water, or if it was the rapid temperature changes that occur in the washing and drying process: the application of alcohol and acetone causes the temperature of the plate to drop rapidly, and possible thermal shock to the plate may weaken the electroplated silver's hold on the clad silver plate. Research needs to be conducted into this possibility.

A final secondary enclosure was created for the cased object. A "tuxedo" design, fourflap enclosure was decided upon because it would provide protection for the case, while being easily handled. In order for the case to be opened, it must be placed upon the table. This negates the risk of the object being dropped while being accessed.

Total Time of Treatment: 6 hours

LOCATION KEY:

TL	ТС	TR
CL	С	CR
BL	BC	BR

Note: Where precise locations are specified, the coordinates are given in inches from the closest support edge. $2\frac{1}{2}$ B/ $1\frac{3}{4}$ L is a point located $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches from the bottom and $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches from the left edge.